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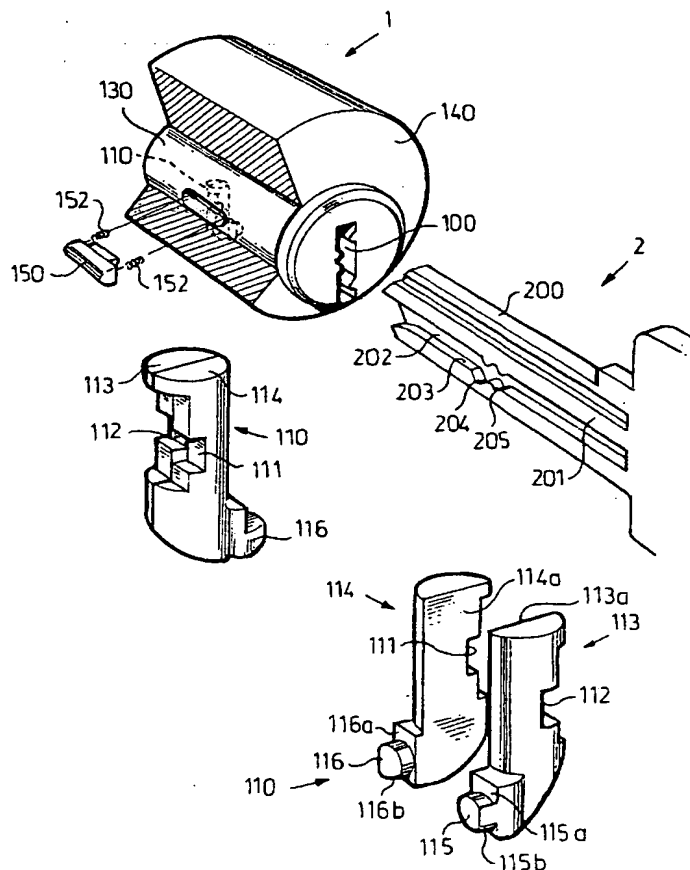
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(54) Title: HIGH SECURITY LOCK AND KEY BLADE COMBINATION



(57) Abstract: A high security cylinder lock (1) and key (2) combination comprising a cylindrical shell (140), a key plug (130) which is rotatably mounted in the shell (140), a longitudinal key slot (100) in the key plug, and at least one locking tumbler assembly cooperating with a key being inserted into the lock. The locking tumbler assembly comprises a pair of independently movable tumbler segments (113, 114) which are positionable in different elevational positions in a common cavity.

HIGH SECURITY LOCK AND KEY BLADE COMBINATION

Field of the invention

The present invention concerns a cylinder lock and key combination comprising a cylinder shell, a key plug which is rotatably mounted in said shell, a longitudinal key slot extending along said key plug in parallel to the rotational axis for receiving a key blade having, at a side surface thereof, a longitudinally extending coded surface, at least one looking tumbler assembly having a body segment with a contact portion reaching into said key slot so as to engage with said coded surface of a properly shaped key blade upon insertion thereof into said key slot, and at least one cavity located at a transversal side of said key slot in said key plug, said cavity accommodating an associated one of said at least one tumbler assembly and guiding the latter for elevational movement therein.

Background of the invention

Such a lock is previously known from the patent specifications US-A-4,756,177, US-A-4,815,307, US-A-5,067,335, US-A-5,640,865 and US-A-5,067,335 (all in the name of Widén). In the locks disclosed in these references, each tumbler assembly has a finger portion projecting outwardly therefrom, either in different angular directions or at different positions, such that the longitudinal distribution of the outer ends (contact portions) of the finger portions generally differs from the normally regular distribution of the locking tumblers themselves in the longitudinal direction, i.e. in parallel with the key slot.

In this way, the number of code combinations can be made very high. Each tumbler assembly is elevationally movable in the associated cavity and, in addition, the specific position of the contact portion in said longitudinal direction along the key slot provides further code possibilities.

These known locks provide a great number of code combinations, and also a high security against picking.

10 Summary of the invention

The object of the present invention is to provide a high security lock and key combination of the aforementioned kind with a locking mechanism having at least the same high number of code combinations as the known locks and providing an even higher security against picking.

According to the present invention, this object is achieved for a lock of the aforementioned kind in that at least one locking tumbler assembly of the lock comprises a pair of adjacent tumbler body segments accommodated in the same cavity, each tumbler body segment having a contact portion (not necessarily in the form of a finger) reaching into the key slot. The adjacent tumbler body segments in said pair are guided in said cavity for elevational movement independently of each other. The adjacent body segments in the pair are individually displaced into respective elevational positions while being engaged, at said contact portions, by said coded surface upon insertion of said key blade into said key slot. Also, the associated contact portions in the pair are axially separated in the longitudinal direction of the key plug such that these contact portions will be positioned at elevationally specific and generally different levels when

being engaged by the coded surface upon insertion of key blade into the key slot.

5 The US patent 2155734 discloses a similar lock and key system where each tumbler assembly comprises a pair of adjacent tumbler segments. However, these segments in a pair are coupled to each other by a spring acting to separate the two segments in opposite direction from each other. The two segments have a limited mobility. Also, the associated contact
10 portions in the pair are located in close vicinity to each other. Therefore, in order to cooperate properly with a coded surface on a key blade, they must be positioned at approximately the same level.

15 In contrast, in the lock according to the present invention, the two body segments in a pair can be located in many different relative positions. For each elevational position of one of the body segments, the other body segment can be positioned in various positions. Accordingly, the total number
20 of code combinations is very high. Moreover, since the contact portions of a pair are located relatively close to each other, although they are axially separated from each other, it is very difficult to manipulate one contact portion without also displacing the other one. Therefore, the lock has a very high
25 level of security against picking.

Many different embodiments are possible within the general inventive concept, as set forth in the dependent claims.

30 The invention also concerns a key blade (and a corresponding key blank) having, at a side surface thereof, a longitudinally extending coded surface with at least one pair of neighbouring code surface portions (or, in a key blank, at least one

material region for cutting out a pair of neighbouring code surface portions) for co-operation with the respective contact portions of a pair of adjacent tumbler body segments of a lock as defined above.

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The invention will be explained further below with reference to the appended drawings illustrating some preferred embodiments of the invention.

10 Short description of the drawings

Fig. 1 shows, in a perspective view, a cylinder lock and key combination according to the invention, in a first, rather simple embodiment having only one tumbler assembly, a part of the cylinder shell being cut away for clarity;

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Fig. 2 shows, in a larger scale, the tumbler assembly included in the lock of fig. 1;

20

Fig. 3 shows two separate portions of the tumbler assembly of fig. 2;

Fig. 4 shows a cross-section of the lock of fig. 1;

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Fig. 5 shows a corresponding cross-section as in fig. 4, with the key plug of the lock rotated by an inserted key;

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Fig. 6a shows a cross-section through a second embodiment of the lock with two tumbler assemblies, one on each side of the key slot;

Fig. 6b shows a cross-section through a key blade associated with the lock of fig. 6a;

Fig. 7 shows a schematical view of a third embodiment of a lock and key blade with five tumbler assemblies in a row (the rest of the lock is not shown);

5 Fig. 8 shows a tumbler assembly of a modified embodiment (with spring-loaded tumbler segments);

Fig. 9 shows a cross-section through a lock with a tumbler assembly as shown in fig. 8;

10 Fig. 10 shows a longitudinal section through the lock and key blade of fig. 7;

15 Fig. 11 shows a cross-section of a fourth embodiment of the lock according to the invention;

Fig. 12 shows a corresponding cross-section as in fig. 11 with the key plug rotated by an inserted key blade;

20 Fig. 13 shows a tumbler assembly included in the lock of fig. 11 separately;

Fig. 14 shows a cross-section of a fifth embodiment of the lock according to the invention;

25 Fig. 15 shows a corresponding cross-section as in fig. 14, with the key plug of the lock being rotated by an inserted key blade; and

30 Fig. 16 shows separately a tumbler assembly included in the lock of figs. 14 and 15.

Detailed description of preferred embodiments

The lock and key combination shown in figure 1 includes a cylinder lock 1 and a key 2 with a key blade 200 which is insertable into a key slot 100 of the lock. The profile of the key blade 200 is shown in cross-section in figure 5 and corresponds generally to the profile of the key slot 100.

The cylinder lock is of a similar kind as disclosed in the above mentioned US patent specifications, although it is a simplified version with no centrally located tumblers and only one tumbler assembly 110 (see also figures 2 and 3), indicated by dotted lines in figure 1. The tumbler assembly 110 is located at a transversal side of the key slot 100, as shown clearly in figures 4 and 5. The tumbler assembly 110 is guided in a cavity 120 located in a cylindrical key plug 130, which is rotatable in a corresponding cylindrical recess 141 in a cylindrical shell 140.

The locking function i.e. the locking of the key plug 130 against rotation within the cylindrical shell 140 is effected by a fence member or side bar 150. As illustrated in figure 1, the side bar 150 is spring-loaded radially outwardly so as to fit into a longitudinally extending seating recess 151 (fig. 5) in the cylindrical shell 140. The side bar 150 is kept in locking position (fig. 4) unless the tumbler assembly 110 is positioned in such a way, upon insertion of a properly coded key blade into the key plug, that the side bar 150 can fit into mutually aligned recesses 111, 112. In the position illustrated in figure 2, however, these recesses 111, 112 are not aligned and the side bar 150 will then be unable to move from its blocking position (figure 4).

According to the present invention, the tumbler assembly 110 comprises a pair of adjacent tumbler body segments 113, 114 (see fig. 3), which are guided in the same cavity but are elevationally movable independently of each other therein.

5 Because of the separate mobility of these two body segments 113, 114, they can be individually displaced so that the recesses 111, 112 become mutually aligned. Now, the side bar 115 can be brought into the aligned recesses 111, 112, as illustrated in fig. 5. Thus, upon alignment of the recesses

10 111, 112, the side bar 150 can be moved into this releasing position by applying a rotating force onto the key plug 130. Then, the side bar 150 will be forced to move radially inwards against the action of the springs 152.

15 The two tumbler body segments 113, 114 preferably have supplementary cross-sections so as to occupy a respective portion of the cavity 120 and be guided within this cavity in a well-defined manner without tilting or rotating relative to the central axis of the cavity. In this embodiment, the cavity
20 120 is circular-cylindrical, and the tumbler body segments 113, 114 have part-cylindrical surface portions being guided by the cylindrical wall of the cavity 120. The two tumbler body segments 113, 114 in the pair also have mutually contacting surface portions 113a, 114a, which permit a relative sliding
25 movement therebetween. In the illustrated embodiment, these mutually contacting surface portions are planar, but they could have any other geometrical form permitting a sliding contact. Also, the cavity may have some other cross-sectional configuration, e.g. rectangular, and the tumbler body segments
30 may be adapted to such a configuration so as to ensure a good guidance within the cavity.

The movement of the separate body segments 113, 114 of the locking tumbler assembly 110 is accomplished by means of the key blade 200 having, at a substantially planar side surface 201 thereof, a longitudinally extending coded surface 203 in a groove 202. The groove 202 has a bottom wall and upper and lower sidewalls. The lower sidewall 203 forms a wave-like coded surface, which in this embodiment includes two neighbouring code surface portions 204, 205. These code surface portions 204, 205 are designed to receive a respective contact portion, in the form of an outwardly projecting finger 115, 116, on each tumbler body segment 113, 114. In the illustrated embodiment, each contact portion or finger has a relatively wide base portion 115a and 116a, respectively, and a relatively narrow, substantially cylindrical free end portion 115b and 116d, respectively. When the key blade 200 is inserted into the key slot 100 of the lock 1, the fingers 115, 116 will be positively guided in the groove 202. In the fully inserted position, the fingers 115, 116 will be located in the neighbouring code surface portions 204, 205, so that the recesses 111, 112 are aligned, the side bar 150 may be displaced into these recesses upon applying a rotary torque onto the key plug 130, whereupon the latter can be rotated by turning the key 2, as shown in fig. 5.

In the illustrated embodiment, the longitudinal groove 202 has substantially parallel upper and lower sidewalls so as to positively guide the respective fingers 115, 116.

Alternatively, the groove 202 may be much wider than the diameter of the end portion 115b, 116b of the respective finger. In the latter case, the fingers are preferably spring-loaded (see figs. 8 and 9) so as to engage slidably with the lower coded sidewall 203 and the coded surface portions 204, 205.

In the second embodiment of the lock and key combination, as illustrated in figure 6a, the key blade 200' (fig. 6b) is provided with grooves 202' on each lateral side. These grooves may be undercut, if so desired (see also figs. 11 and 12).

5 In the lock of fig. 6a, there is a cavity 120, 121 on each transversal side of the central key slot 100 in the key plug 130. In each cavity 120, 121, there is a tumbler assembly 110 comprising two independently movable body segments 113, 114 of the kind shown in figs. 2 and 3. Each tumbler assembly 110 co-
10 operates with a side bar 150 in the manner described above.

In the embodiment of figure 6a, the key blade 200 (fig. 6b) is symmetrical, so that it can be turned upside down and still work properly in co-operation with the key slot 100 and the fingers 115, 116 of the respective tumbler assemblies 110.

15 As illustrated in figure 7, the lock may have a longitudinal row of tumbler assemblies 110 (five in a row), each tumbler assembly having a pair of independently movable body segments 113, 114 with associated contact portions or fingers 115, 116. When the key blade 200 is inserted into the lock, all the
20 fingers 115, 116 will be positively guided by the longitudinally extending coded groove 202, which in this case has ten different code surface portions each being located at a specific code level. These code surface portions 204, 205 are grouped into five pairs each comprising two neighbouring
25 code surface portions 204, 205. For a specific level of a code surface portion 204, the neighbouring code surface portion 205 may be located in at least two or possibly three, four, five or even a higher number of different levels. Accordingly, the total number of code combinations will be very great. Of
30 course, the total number of code combinations may be substantially increased by also providing an ordinary code

pattern at the longitudinal top edge surface of the key blade 200, as indicated by the numeral 206 in figure 7. Even in this third embodiment with a longitudinal row of tumbler assemblies 110, there may be such a row on each transversal side of the key slot of the lock (similar to the embodiment illustrated in figure 6a).

As indicated above, each body segment 113, 114, may alternatively be spring-loaded, as indicated in figures 8 and 9, by means of helical springs 117 seated in holes 118 at the top end of each body segment 113, 114. In figure 9, there is also shown, in the key slot 100, a central tumbler 131 (one in a longitudinal row of such tumblers) co-operating with the coded cuts or dimples 206 in the edge portion of the key blade 200.

In the partial longitudinal section shown in figure 10, the respective body segments 113, 114 and the associated wider finger base portions 115a, 116a are visible as is the key blade 200. In order to lock the key plug 130 against rotation within the cylinder shell 140, it is possible (see figs. 11 and 12) to use top tumblers or pins 113' (not shown) and 114', which stay in contact with and follow the associated body portions 113, 114. In a specific elevational position, as illustrated in figure 12, the body segment 114 and the associated top pin 114' have their mutually engaging surfaces located in the shear line, whereby the key plug 130 can be rotated in the shell 140.

In this fourth embodiment, the key blade 200 has an undercut groove 202" co-operating with a corresponding profile tongue 132 having a downwardly projecting portion 133 fitting into the undercut portion of the groove 202" of the key blade.

In all embodiments and modifications described above, there is at least one tumbler assembly 110 comprising a pair of body segments 113, 114 being elevationally movable independently of each other while engaging (with its associated contact portion or finger 115, 116) the coded groove 202 of the key blade 202, when the latter is inserted into the lock. A very great number of code combinations is obtainable, and the lock has a very high security against picking, as explained above.

Further modifications are possible within the scope of the claims. The tumbler body portions 113, 114 are illustrated to be substantially half-cylindrical with two mutually engaging, substantially flat surfaces 113a, 114a (fig.3). Of course, other geometrical shapes are also possible as long as the two body portions are properly guided within the associated cavity 120 and are capable of moving independently of each other while being engaged, by way of the contact portions or fingers, with the coded surface at the key blade.

The key blade can be furnished with coded bittings and/or dimples on other surfaces corresponding to tumbler mechanisms of various kinds, such as coded dimples on the respective edge portions of the key blade of fig. 6b cooperating with centrally located pin tumblers (not shown) in fig. 6a.

Instead of a groove 202, the coded surface may be formed on a step surface or shelf forming a transition between a massive base portion of the key blade and an upper, narrower portion thereof.

The outwardly projecting finger 115, 116 does not have to be located at an end portion of the associated tumbler but could be located somewhere between these end portions. Such an embodiment is shown in figs. 14, 15 and 16. Here, the tumbler

segments 114 have a length (or height) corresponding to the key plug 130. The cavity 120 adjoins corresponding cylindrical cavities in the shell 140. The tumbler segment 114 locks the key plug against rotation, unless it is located exactly in the position shown in fig. 15. Then, the key plug can be rotated by turning the key blade 200.

Furthermore, the contact portion of the tumbler body segment 113,114 does not have to be formed as a finger but may have any other geometrical shape as long as the contact portion reaches into the key slot so as to engage with the coded surface of the key blade. Also, the contact portion does not have to project outwardly sideways. It may even form a part of the (cylindrical) tumbler body segment itself.

As indicated above, the cavity may have a different cross-sectional shape, such as elliptic, rectangular or polygonal, and the two tumbler body segments should then be adapted to such a configuration.

The cavities (and the direction of elevational movement of the tumbler portions) may have any suitable angle (0 - 90 degrees) to the central plane of the key slot.

Moreover, the locking mechanism as defined in the claims may be combined with other locking mechanisms in the same lock. One locking mechanism, according to the invention, may be provided on one transversal side of the key slot, whereas another mechanism, possibly also in accordance with the present invention, may be arranged on the other transversal side of the key slot. As indicated above, conventional locking tumbler pins may also be located centrally above the key slot.

While the most practical embodiment of the invention (from a manufacturing and tolerance point of view as well as operational reliability) it is preferred that each locking
5 tumbler assembly consists of a pair of tumbler segments, it is conceivable to add an intermediate or third tumbler segment therebetween.

CLAIMS

1. A cylinder lock (1) and key (2) combination, comprising
 - a cylinder shell (140),
 - 5 - a key plug (130) which is rotatably mounted in said shell,
 - a longitudinal key slot (100) extending along said key plug in parallel to the rotational axis thereof for receiving a key blade (200) having, at a side surface (201) thereof, a longitudinally extending coded surface (203),
 - 10 - at least one locking tumbler assembly (110) having a body segment (113) with a contact portion (115) reaching into said key slot so as to engage with said coded surface (203) of a properly shaped key blade being inserted into said key slot, and
 - 15 - at least one cavity (120) located at a transversal side of said key slot (100) in said key plug (130), said cavity accommodating an associated one of said at least one tumbler assembly and guiding the latter for elevational movement therein,
 - 20 - said at least one locking tumbler assembly (110) comprising a pair of adjacent tumbler body segments (113, 114) accommodated in the same cavity, and
 - each tumbler body segment (113, 114) having an associated contact portion (115, 116) reaching into said key slot (100),
 - 25 **characterised in that**
 - said adjacent tumbler body segments (113, 114) in said pair are elevationally movable independently of each other in said cavity so as to be individually displaced into respective elevational positions, and
 - 30 - said associated contact portions (115, 116) in said pair are axially separated in the longitudinal direction of the key plug such that these contact portions will be positioned at elevationally specific and generally different levels when

being engaged by said coded surface (203) upon insertion of said key blade (200) into said key slot (100).

2. A cylinder lock and key combination as defined in claim 1, wherein each segment in said pair of adjacent tumbler body segments (113, 114) is guided in a respective portion of said cavity (120).

3. A cylinder lock and key combination as defined in claim 2, wherein said pair of adjacent tumbler body segments (113, 114) have supplementary cross-sections, which together substantially correspond to the cross-section of said cavity (120).

4. A cylinder lock and key combination as defined in claim 3, wherein said adjacent tumbler body segments (113, 114) of said pair are partially defined by part-cylindrical surface portions being guided by wall portions defining said cavity (120).

5. A cylinder lock and key combination as defined in claim 3 or 4, wherein said adjacent tumbler body portions of said pair have mutually engaging surface portions (113a, 114a) being in sliding engagement with each other.

6. A cylinder lock and key combination as defined in claim 5, wherein said mutually engaging surface portions (113a, 114a) are substantially planar.

7. A cylinder lock and key combination as defined in any one of the preceding claims, wherein said key plug (130) contains a row of cavities (120), at least one of which accommodating a pair of adjacent tumbler body segments (113, 114).

8. A cylinder lock and key combination as defined in any one of the preceding claims, wherein said key plug (130) includes at least one locking tumbler assembly (113,114) on each transversal side of said key slot (100).

5

9. A cylinder lock and key combination as defined in any one of the preceding claims, wherein said pair of adjacent tumbler body segments (113, 114) cooperate with a side bar (150) being accommodated in a longitudinal recess (151) in said cylinder shell (140), said side bar (150) being adapted to normally lock the key plug against rotation in said shell and to be displacable into a releasing position upon insertion of a properly coded key blade (200) into said key slot (100).

10

10. A cylinder lock and key combination as defined in any one of the preceding claims, wherein said contact portions of said tumbler body segments (113,114) are constituted by outwardly projecting fingers (115,116).

15

11. A cylinder lock and key combination as defined in claim 10, wherein said fingers (115, 116) are positively guided in a longitudinally coded groove (202) in a side surface of said key blade upon insertion of the latter into said key slot.

20

12. A cylinder lock (1) having at least one pair of independently movable tumbler body segments (113,114) accommodated in a cavity (120) in a key plug (130) forming part of a cylinder lock in a lock and key combination as defined in any one of the preceding claims.

25

13. A key blade (200) having, at a side surface (201) thereof, a longitudinally extending coded surface (203) with at least one pair of neighbouring code surface portions (204, 205) located at elevationally specific and generally different

30

levels for co-operation with the respective contact portions of a pair of adjacent tumbler body segments of a lock as defined in claim 12.

5 14. A key blade as defined in claim 13, wherein said coded surface (203) is formed by a side wall of a longitudinally extending groove (202) which positively guides said respective contact portions, constituted by outwardly projecting fingers, when the key blade is inserted into a lock.

10 15. A key blade as defined in claim 13 or 14, wherein said key blade (200) is symmetrical with longitudinal coded surfaces on each side thereof.

15 16. A key blade as defined in any one of claims 13-15, wherein said coded surface (203) comprises a longitudinal row of pairs (204, 205) of neighbouring code surface portions.

20 17. A key blank for producing a key blade as defined in any one of claims 13-16, comprising a longitudinal key blade with a code surface (203) formed at a side surface thereof, said code surface having at least one material portion for cutting out a pair of neighbouring code surface portions (204, 205) for cooperation with the respective contact portions of a pair of adjacent tumbler segments in a lock as defined in claim 12.

25 18. A key blank as defined in claim 17, wherein the code surface 203 is undercut.

Fig. 1

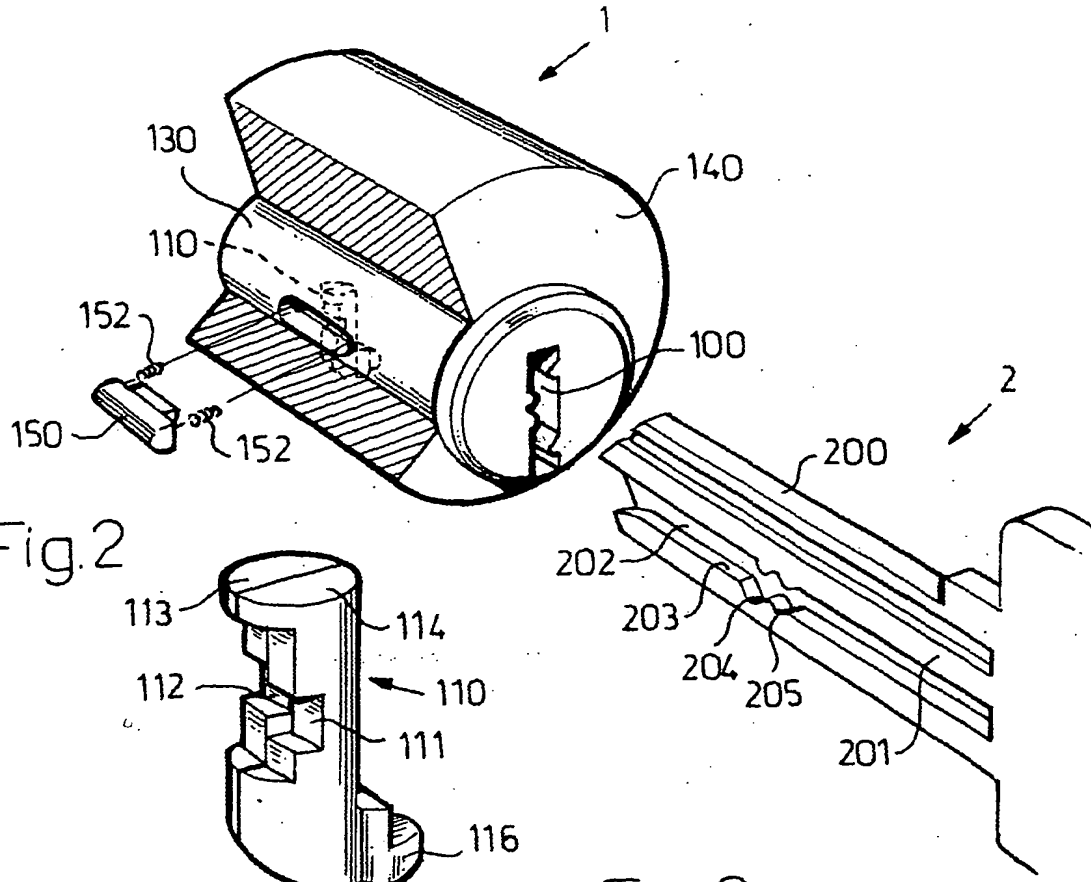


Fig. 2

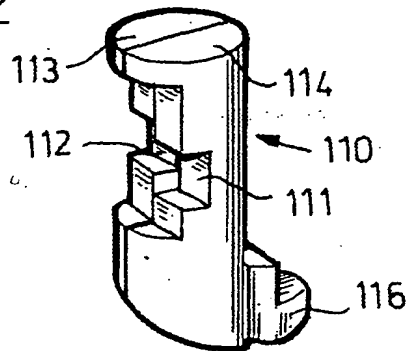


Fig. 3

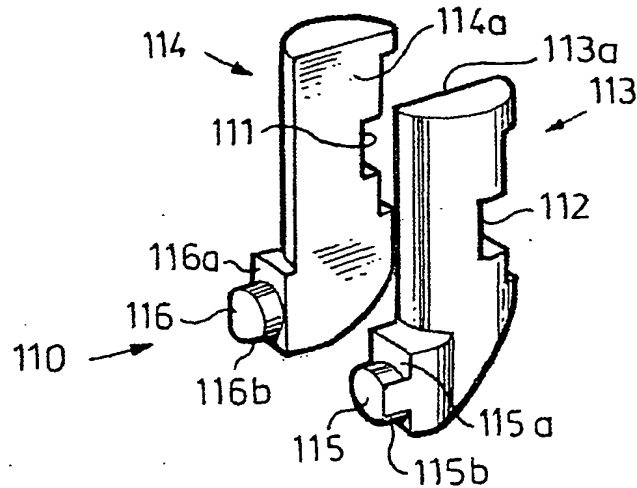


Fig. 4

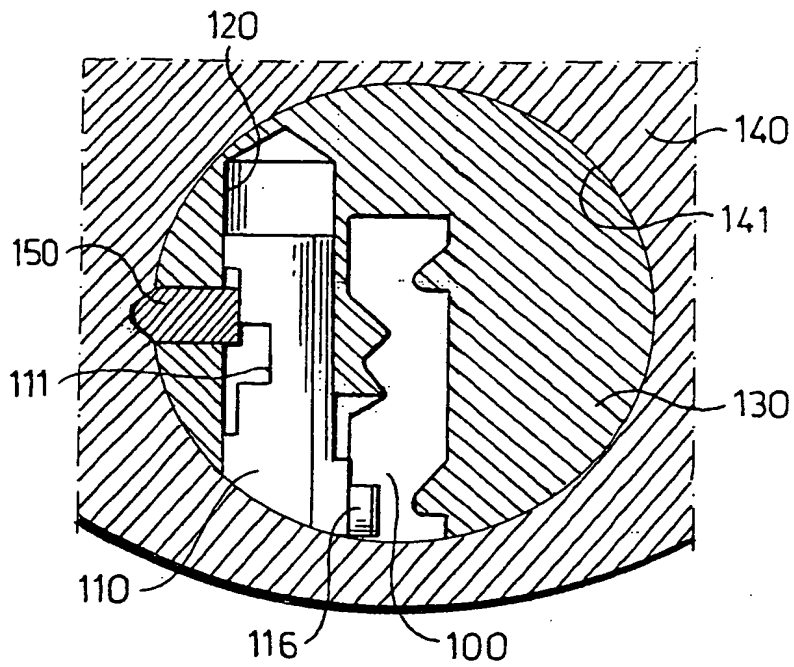


Fig. 5

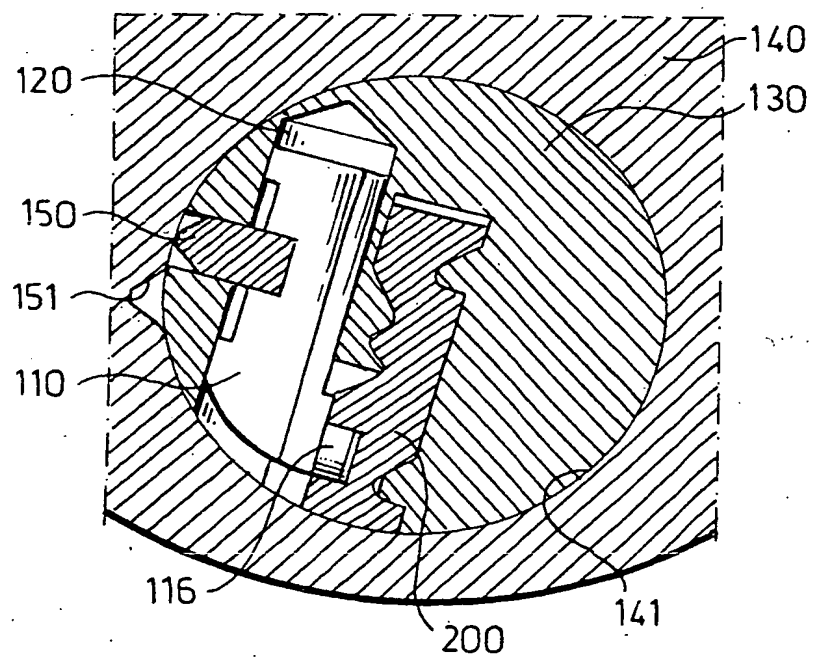


Fig. 8

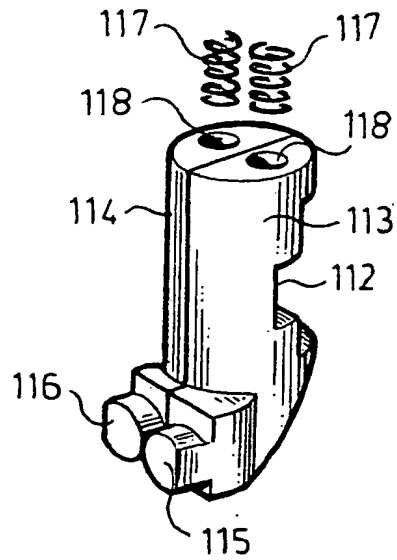


Fig. 9

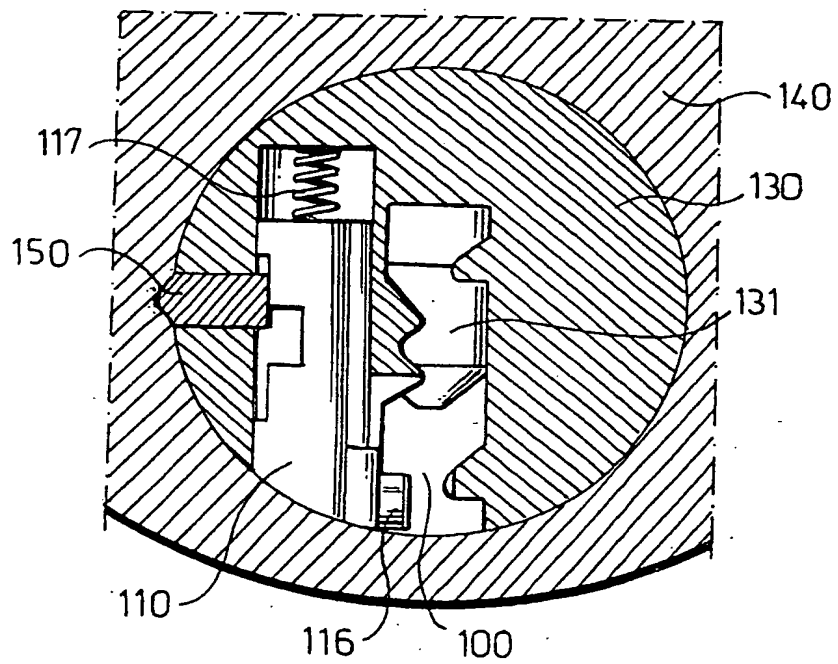


Fig. 10

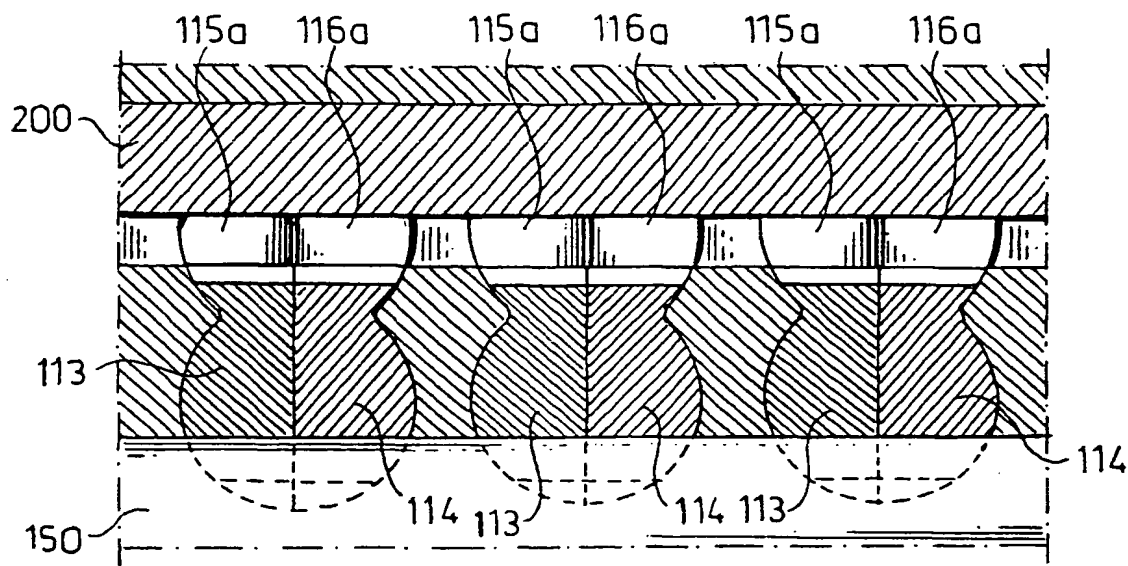


Fig. 11

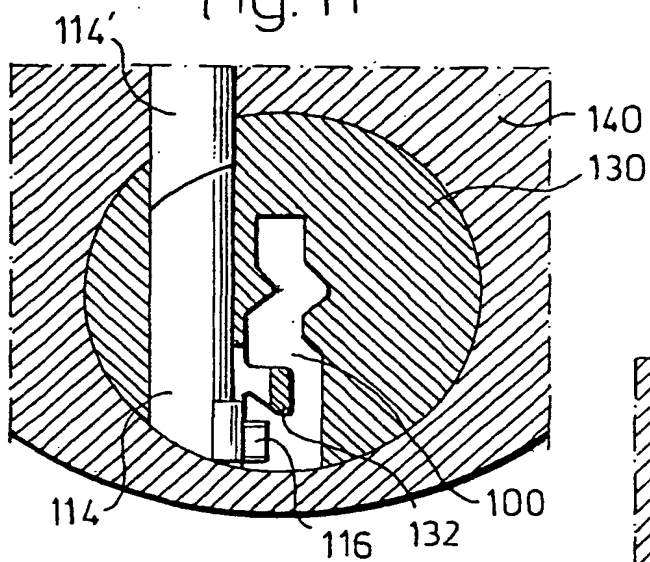


Fig. 12

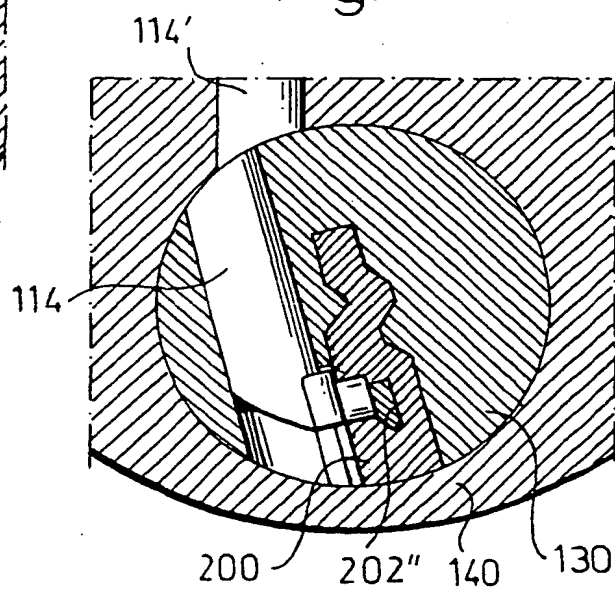


Fig. 13

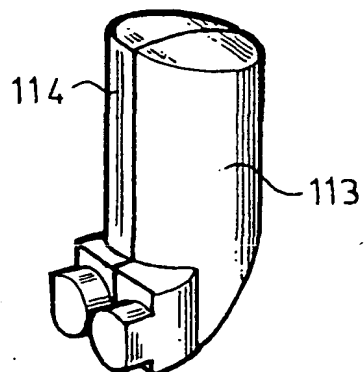


Fig. 14

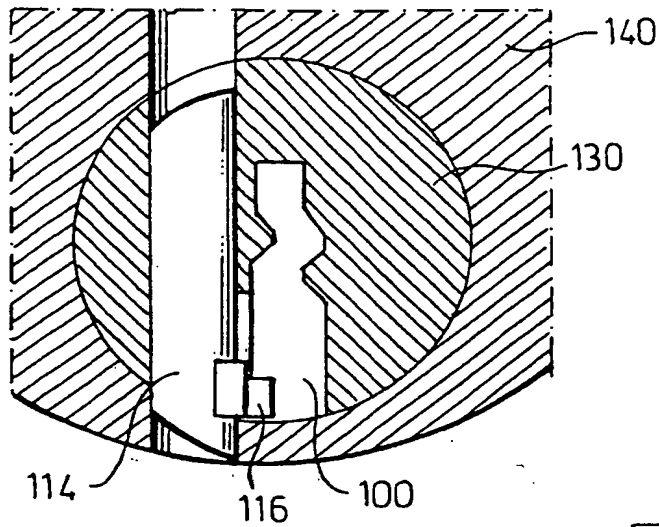


Fig. 15

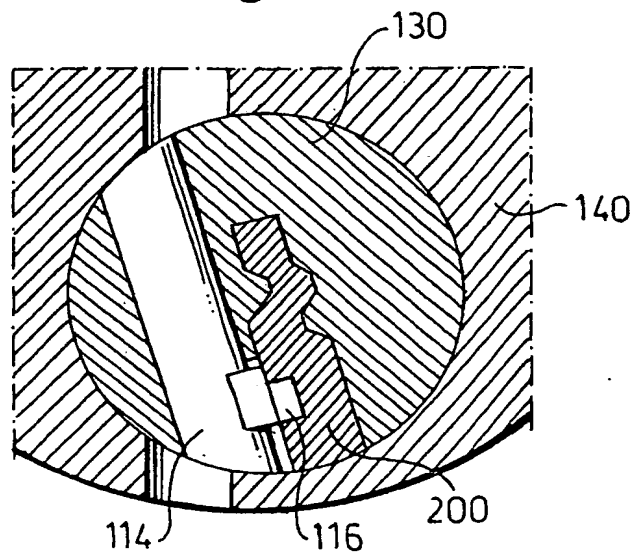


Fig. 16

